### Federal Individual Income Tax Rates

| Col. 1            | Single<br>Individuals |                   |                  | Joint Returns &<br>Surviving Spouses |                  | s of<br>hold      |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Taxable<br>Income | Tax on<br>Col. 1      | Rate on<br>Excess | Tax on<br>Col. 1 | Rate on<br>Excess                    | Tax on<br>Col. 1 | Rate on<br>Excess |
| \$ 0              | \$ 0                  | 10%               | \$ 0             | 10%                                  | \$ 0             | 10%               |
| 11,000            | 1,100                 | 12%               |                  |                                      |                  |                   |
| 15,700            |                       |                   |                  |                                      | 1,570            | 12%               |
| 22,000            |                       |                   | 2,200            | 12%                                  |                  |                   |
| 44,725            | 5,147                 | 22%               |                  |                                      |                  |                   |
| 59,850            |                       |                   |                  |                                      | 6,868            | 22%               |
| 89,450            |                       |                   | 10,294           | 22%                                  |                  |                   |
| 95,350            |                       |                   |                  |                                      | 14,678           | 24%               |
| 95,375            | 16,290                | 24%               |                  |                                      |                  |                   |
| 182,100           | 37,104                | 32%               |                  |                                      | 35,498           | 32%               |
| 190,750           |                       |                   | 32,580           | 24%                                  |                  |                   |
| 231,250           | 52,832                | 35%               |                  |                                      | 51,226           | 35%               |
| 364,200           |                       |                   | 74,208           | 32%                                  |                  |                   |
| 462,500           |                       |                   | 105,664          | 35%                                  |                  |                   |
| 578,100           |                       |                   |                  |                                      | 172,623.50       | 37%               |
| 578,125           | 174,238.25            | 37%               |                  |                                      |                  |                   |
| 693,750           |                       |                   | 186,601.50       | 37%                                  |                  |                   |

"Taxable Income" is your total income minus deductions for business expenses, contributions to retirement plans and other "adjustments," from which you subtract the standard deduction or itemized deductions, whichever is larger. Net long-term capital gains (on assets held more than 12 months) and dividends are taxed at a maximum of 20% for taxpayers in the 37% tax bracket; 15% for taxpayers in the 22%, 24%, 32% and 35% tax brackets: and 0% for taxpavers in the 10% and 12% tax brackets. High-income taxpayers are also subject to a 3.8% tax on net investment income. Taxpayers must compute regular taxes and also "alternative minimum tax" and pay whichever is more.

### Four Time-Tested Ways To **Reduce Your Income Tax**

- **1. DEDUCT** as much as the tax laws allow. Strive to itemize your deductions rather than use the standard deduction. Establish tax credits where possible. Try to bunch deductions in a year of high income, perhaps by prepaying some of the coming year's expenses. Maximize charitable contribution deductions.
- 2. CONVERT fully taxed investment income (such as taxable interest) to income that is tax-free (such as municipal bonds) or taxed at a maximum rate of 20% (qualified dividends and long-term capital gains).
- 3. DIVERT investment income to a family member who is in a lower tax bracket than you through gifts of investments or by establishing trusts. *Note:* Investment income in excess of \$2,500 of a child under 19 or a full-time student under age 24 will be taxed at their parents' highest tax rate.
- 4. DEFER receiving some income until a time when you are in a lower income tax bracket. A common example is contributing to a gualified retirement savings plan that allows you a current income tax deduction and postpones tax until you retire.

### **Equivalent Yields of Municipal Bonds Compared to Taxable Investments**

| Bond  | 12%     | 22%     | 24%     | 32%     | 35%     | 37%     |
|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Yield | Bracket | Bracket | Bracket | Bracket | Bracket | Bracket |
| 2.5%  | 2.8%    | 3.2%    | 3.3%    | 3.7%    | 3.8%    | 4.0%    |
| 3.0   | 3.4     | 3.8     | 3.9     | 4.4     | 4.6     | 4.8     |
| 3.5   | 4.0     | 4.5     | 4.6     | 5.1     | 5.4     | 5.6     |
| 4.0   | 4.5     | 5.1     | 5.3     | 5.9     | 6.2     | 6.3     |
| 4.5   | 5.1     | 5.8     | 5.9     | 6.6     | 6.9     | 7.1     |

### THE RULE OF 72: How Fast Will an Investment Double?

To estimate how many years it will take for an investment to double in value, divide 72 by the annual interest rate you expect to receive (assuming tax-free compounding annually).

> 72 = Number of years money will take Interest Rate to double in value

### What Annual Investments of \$1,000 Will Grow To Over Time\*

| Years                  | 4%   | 5%  | 6%   | 8%  | 10%   | 12%   |
|------------------------|--|---|--|---|---|---|
| 1<br>2<br>3<br>4<br>5  | \$1,040<br>2,122<br>3,246<br>4,416<br>5,633    | \$1,050<br>2,153<br>3,310<br>4,526<br>5,802     | \$1,060<br>2,184<br>3,375<br>4,637<br>5,975    | \$1,080<br>2,246<br>3,506<br>4,867<br>6,336       | \$1,100<br>2,310<br>3,641<br>5,105<br>6,716         | \$1,120<br>2,374<br>3,779<br>5,353<br>7,115         |
| 6<br>7<br>8<br>9<br>10 | 6,898<br>8,214<br>9,583<br>11,006<br>12,486    | 7,142<br>8,549<br>10,027<br>11,578<br>13,207    | 7,394<br>8,897<br>10,491<br>12,181<br>13,972   | 7,923<br>9,637<br>11,488<br>13,487<br>15,645      | 8,487<br>10,436<br>12,579<br>14,937<br>17,531       | 9,089<br>11,300<br>13,776<br>16,549<br>19,655       |
| 14                     | 14,026<br>15,627<br>17,292<br>19,024<br>20,825 | 14,9 i7<br>16,713<br>18,599<br>20,579<br>22,657 | 15,870<br>473892<br>20,015<br>22,276<br>24,673 | 17,977<br>20,495<br>23,215<br>26,152<br>29,324    | 20,384<br>23,523<br>26,975<br>30,772<br>34,950      | 23,133<br>27,029<br>31,393<br>36,280<br>41,753      |
| 17<br>18<br>19         | 22,698<br>24,645<br>26,671<br>28,778<br>30,969 | 24,840<br>27,132<br>29,539<br>32,066<br>34,719  | 27,213<br>29,906<br>32,760<br>35,786<br>38,993 | 32,750<br>36,450<br>40,446<br>44,762<br>49,423    | 39,545<br>44,599<br>50,159<br>56,275<br>63,002      | 47,774<br>54,750<br>62,440<br>71,052<br>80,699      |
| 22<br>23<br>24         | 33,248<br>35,618<br>38,083<br>40,646<br>43,312 | 37,505<br>40,430<br>43,502<br>46,727<br>50,113  | 42,392<br>45,996<br>49,816<br>53,864<br>58,156 | 54,457<br>59,893<br>65,765<br>72,106<br>78,954    | 70,403<br>78,543<br>87,497<br>97,347<br>108,182     | 91,503<br>103,603<br>117,155<br>132,334<br>149,334  |
| 27<br>28<br>29         | 46,084<br>48,968<br>51,966<br>55,085<br>58,328 | 53,669<br>57,403<br>61,323<br>65,439<br>69,761  | 62,706<br>67,528<br>72,640<br>78,058<br>83,802 | 86,351<br>94,339<br>102,966<br>112,283<br>122,346 | 120,100<br>133,210<br>147,631<br>163,494<br>180,943 | 168,374<br>189,699<br>213,583<br>240,333<br>270,293 |

\* Assuming tax-free growth of principal with investments made at the start of each year.

### Years Until Exhaustion of \$100,000 in Retirement Savings

| Monthly    | •• | 40/ |    | est Rat |    | •  |            | 400/ |
|------------|----|-----|----|---------|----|----|------------|------|
| Withdrawal | 3% | 4%  | 5% | 6%      | 7% | 8% | <b>9</b> % | 10%  |
| \$ 400     | 32 | 43  | *  | *       | *  | *  | *          | *    |
| 500        | 23 | 27  | 34 | 62      | *  | *  | *          | *    |
| 600        | 18 | 20  | 23 | 29      | *  | *  | *          | *    |
| 700        | 14 | 16  | 18 | 20      | 25 | *  | *          | *    |
| 800        | 12 | 13  | 14 | 16      | 18 | 22 | 30         | *    |
| 900        | 10 | 11  | 12 | 13      | 14 | 16 | 19         | 26   |
| 1,000      | 9  | 10  | 10 | 11      | 12 | 13 | 15         | 17   |
| 1,200      | 7  | 8   | 8  | 9       | 9  | 10 | 10         | 11   |
| 1,400      | 6  | 6   | 7  | 7       | 7  | 8  | 9          | 9    |
| 1,600      | 5  | 5   | 6  | 6       | 6  | 6  | 7          | 7    |
|            |    |     |    |         |    |    |            |      |

\* The asterisk shows withdrawals that can be made without time limitation.

## **Social Security Benefits**

How much will you receive in retirement benefits? Call your local Social Security office for assistance, or you can use the "Retirement Estimator" at https://www.ssa.gov/prepare/ plan-retirement for an estimate of future retirement benefits.

How will part-time employment affect retirement benefits? Retirees under the full retirement age can earn up to \$21,240 in 2023 without loss of Social Security benefits; above \$21,240 they lose \$1 in benefits for every \$2 of earnings. There is no cutback in Social Security benefits for retirees who continue to have earnings from employment after full retirement age.

What portion of Social Security benefits can be taxed? Up to half of Social Security benefits is taxable for single people with "provisional income" over \$25,000 (\$32,000 for joint returns). Up to 85% is taxable if income exceeds \$34,000 (singles) or \$44,000 (joint returns).

### Life Expectancy Tables

| Age | Male | Female | Age | Male | Female | Age | Male | Female |
|-----|------|--------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|--------|
| 41  | 37.8 | 41.8   | 56  | 24.8 | 28.2   | 71  | 13.9 | 16.0   |
| 42  | 36.9 | 40.8   | 57  | 24.1 | 27.3   | 72  | 13.2 | 15.2   |
| 43  | 36.0 | 39.9   | 58  | 23.3 | 26.4   | 73  | 12.5 | 14.5   |
| 44  | 35.1 | 39.0   | 59  | 22.5 | 25.6   | 74  | 11.9 | 13.8   |
| 45  | 34.2 | 38.0   | 60  | 21.7 | 24.8   | 75  | 11.3 | 13.1   |
| 46  | 33.3 | 37.1   | 61  | 21.0 | 23.9   | 76  | 10.7 | 12.4   |
| 47  | 32.5 | 36.2   | 62  | 20.2 | 23.1   | 77  | 10.1 | 11.7   |
| 48  | 31.6 | 35.3   | 63  | 19.5 | 22.3   | 78  | 9.5  | 11.0   |
| 49  | 30.7 | 34.4   | 64  | 18.8 | 21.5   | 79  | 8.9  | 10.4   |
| 50  | 29.8 | 33.5   | 65  | 18.0 | 20.7   | 80  | 8.4  | 9.8    |
| 51  | 29.0 | 32.6   | 66  | 17.3 | 19.9   | 81  | 7.9  | 9.2    |
| 52  | 28.1 | 31.7   | 67  | 16.6 | 19.1   | 82  | 7.4  | 8.6    |
| 53  | 27.3 | 30.8   | 68  | 15.9 | 18.3   | 83  | 6.9  | 8.0    |
| 54  | 26.5 | 29.9   | 69  | 15.2 | 17.5   | 84  | 6.4  | 7.5    |
| 55  | 25.7 | 29.0   | 70  | 14.6 | 16.7   | 85  | 6.0  | 7.0    |

Tables are based on estimates provided by the Social Security Administration. See https://www.ssa.gov/oact/STATS/table4c6.html

# Tax-Smart Ideas To Stretch Your **Support for Charitable Organizations**

- 1. Give securities instead of cash. You can magnify your support for worthwhile causes by giving stocks or other you for more than 12 months. You can deduct your cost are deductible up to 60% of AGI.
- Call us for details.
- corporation to make charitable gifts. Ask your advisors.
- 4. Make "temporary" gifts of cash or income-producing for several years (through a charitable lead trust), with the assets later passing to children or grandchildren, can generation-skipping transfer taxes.
- to public charities. Transfers are tax-free for those subject to required minimum distributions, saving income tax even though no charitable deduction is available. A one-time trusts and charitable gift annuities.

# **Special Gift Planning Opportunities**

Call our office before you ... Sell investments at a profit. Make or amend your will or establish a living trust. Make gualified IRA charitable contributions Roll over low-interest CDs or bonds. Name beneficiaries for pension plans or life insurance.

The purpose of this publication is solely educational, namely to provide general gift, estate, financial planning, and related information. It is not intended as legal, accounting, or other professional advice, and you should not rely on it as such. For assistance in planning charitable gifts with tax and other implications, the services of appropriate and qualified advisors should be obtained. Consult an attorney for advice if your plans require revision of a will or other legal document. The figures in this publication are accurate as of December 2022. Any updates in tax laws hereafter may change the numbers and the validity and should be discussed with your advisors. Consult a tax and/or accounting specialist for advice regarding tax- and accounting-related matters. © Copyright MMXXIII by Sharpe Group. All Rights Reserved.

assets that have (a) gone up in value and (b) been owned by plus your untaxed "paper profit" (capital gain) up to 30% of your adjusted gross income (AGI). Excess deductions can be carried over and deducted for up to five years. Cash gifts

### 2. Make a large gift, receive a partial deduction but keep

**lifetime income.** You can make a gift of significance today yet reserve income for life for yourself or others. You can choose between a fixed income or variable payments. You'll receive a charitable deduction for part of what you give, and if you fund your gift with securities, you may reduce or avoid capital gains taxes. Lifetime payments may be taxed under favorable rules.

3. Make gifts from your business. If you own a business, you may have two "pockets" from which to give. Owners of closely held corporations should consider contributing stock in their companies. In some cases, it may be more favorable for the

**property.** Letting charity "borrow" income-producing assets reduce income taxes and future gift taxes, estate taxes and

5. IRA gifts. People age 701/2 and older may direct the custodians of their IRAs to make distributions of up to \$100,000 directly election allows IRA gitts up to \$50,000 to charitable remainder



# Your 2023 Tax & Estate Planning Guide



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# **Rate Your Estate Plan**

Here is a quick way to rate the effectiveness of your current estate plan. Add up your score and rate yourself on the plans you have made for disposing of your estate and protecting your beneficiaries' security.

Will/Living Trust. Score 10 points if you have a will or living trust. People who have revocable living trusts still need wills (to dispose of assets not placed in the trust and to name executors or guardians). Add 5 points if you have stored your will or trust document in a fire-safe place and notified responsible people of the location. Add 5 points if you review your will or trust every year to ensure it remains up to date.

Life Insurance. Do you have enough protection for your beneficiaries? Does your life insurance still serve its original purpose? Score 5 points if you have reviewed your life insurance coverage in the last year.

Health Care Decisions. Give yourself 5 points if you have a living will or health care power of attorney (arrangements for making health care decisions if you are incapacitated).

Disability. Add 5 points if you have established a trust or general durable power of attorney that allows others to make financial decisions for you if you become incapacitated.

Special Beneficiaries. Subtract 5 points if you have not established trusts or other arrangements to provide for beneficiaries (if any) who need special care.

**Business Interests.** Subtract 5 points if you have not arranged for an orderly transfer of business interests (if any) at death, including payment of "death taxes."

Net Worth. Add 5 points if you can estimate, within \$20,000, your current net worth. Subtract 5 points if you have not determined whether your estate will be affected by state or federal "death taxes."

Worthwhile Causes. Give yourself 2 bonus points if you have arranged through your will, trust or life insurance to continue your support for worthwhile causes and institutions after death.

### **Total Score:**

35-42: Excellent 30-34: Good 25-29: Fair Less than 25 (or if you had to subtract points): See an estate planning advisor at an early opportunity!

Total

Score

Score

Score

Score

Score

Score

Score

Score

### **Twelve-Step Estate Planning**

- 1. Make an appointment with an attorney. If you don't know one, ask a relative, friend or co-worker for a referral.
- **2. Inventory your assets.** Your attorney can help determine the most tax-effective way to distribute your property.
- 3. Choose your beneficiaries. Reflect on the people and organizations you wish to benefit.
- 4. Calculate your gross estate. State or federal estate tax may be a concern if your estate exceeds the amount sheltered by the applicable exemptions (\$12,920,000 for singles, \$25,840,000 for married couples for the federal estate tax).
- 5. Consider other estate planning documents. You may need a living trust in addition to a will.
- 6. Plan for medical decisions. Ask your advisor about a health care power of attorney and living will.
- 7. Write a letter of instruction to your executor. In your letter, you can name specific individuals to receive certain personal assets.
- 8. Follow through on your estate planning. Execute all necessary documents. Make sure that living trust assets are transferred into the trustee's name.
- 9. Store your will, living trust and other estate planning documents in a safe place. These documents should be readily accessible by your executor.
- 10. Retain copies of income tax and gift tax returns. These will assist your executor in filing income and estate tax returns.
- 11. Review your estate plans regularly. Many events can make your plans obsolete: death of a spouse or beneficiary, a move to another state, a change in tax laws, to name a few.
- 12. Call our office for suggestions on incorporating gifts in your estate plans. You can help us achieve worthwhile goals by providing for a charitable bequest that will perpetuate your thoughtful lifetime support.

# **Estimate Your Gross Estate**

Add up the market value of your assets. Your assets will be taxed at their date-of-death value, so you might want to factor inflation into your estimate. If your assets will exceed \$12,920,000, consult an attorney about reducing these taxes.

| Stocks and bonds            | \$ |
|-----------------------------|----|
| Notes and debts due to you  | \$ |
| Real estate (home, etc.)    | \$ |
| Bank accounts and cash      | \$ |
| Business interests          | \$ |
| Personal property           | \$ |
| Life insurance (face value) | \$ |
| Retirement savings          | \$ |
| Other taxable property      | \$ |
| Total assets (gross estate) | \$ |
|                             |    |

### State Inheritance and Estate Taxes

At last count, 17 states and the District of Columbia imposed an inheritance tax, state estate tax or both, in some cases. Note that taxes may be imposed on real estate or personal property that you own outside your home state. Keep in mind, state "death tax" laws change periodically, and you should consult your advisors for the current tax situation in states where any of your assets are located. Here is a listing of states with "death taxes" at time of publication:

| Connecticut          | Maine         | New York     |
|----------------------|---------------|--------------|
| District of Columbia | Maryland      | Oregon       |
| Hawaii               | Massachusetts | Pennsylvania |
| Illinois             | Minnesota     | Rhode Island |
| lowa                 | Nebraska      | Vermont      |
| Kentucky             | New Jersey    | Washington   |
|                      |               |              |

# **Charitable Gifts From Your Estate**

Gifts by Will or Living Trust. A bequest is the most traditional way to provide important help for worthwhile causes. With a gift through your will or living trust, you retain full use of your gift property during your life. It's also possible to make a gift at death but reserve lifetime income for a spouse or other family member. Ask us for details. As a minimum bequest, you might consider using the table to the right. We will be happy to provide you or your attorney with sample bequest language.

Life Insurance. You can name a charity as the beneficiary of your life insurance-just contact the company. A better idea may be to transfer actual ownership of the policy to an organization or to buy and contribute a new policy. Such a gift will entitle you to an income tax deduction, and future premium payments will be tax decivable.

Financial Accounts. Most accounts at financial institutions can be made payable at death to a person or a charitable organization. Ask the manager of the institution how you can arrange to designate a death beneficiary for your CD, savings account, brokerage account, etc. These gifts are revocable durina life.

Benefits from IRAs and Pension Funds. Your estate can save both income taxes and estate taxes if you make a charity the death beneficiary of a portion or all of your individual retirement account or other retirement savings plan. You also can arrange for lifetime income to be paid to a family member after your death, with the charity's benefit coming later

### **Your Bequest Can Memorialize** Your Annual Contributions\*

| lf your | \$ 100  | You can      | \$ | 2,000   |
|---------|---------|--------------|----|---------|
| annual  | \$ 200  | perpetuate   | \$ | 4,000   |
| gifts   | \$ 300  | them with    | \$ | 6,000   |
| total:  | \$ 500  | a bequest    | \$ | 10,000  |
| total:  | \$1,000 | -            |    | 20,000  |
|         | \$2,000 | of at least: | \$ | 40,000  |
|         | \$5,000 |              | \$ | 100,000 |

\* A 5% annual return on your bequest, as represented in these tables, would ensure that you can always continue your thoughtful annual contributions.

# **Required Minimum Retirement Plan Distributions**

| Current<br>Age | Distribution<br>Period (Years) | Percent | Current<br>Age | Distribution<br>Period (Years) | Percent |
|----------------|--------------------------------|---------|----------------|--------------------------------|---------|
| 73             | 26.5                           | 3.77%   | 95             | 8.9                            | 11.24%  |
| 74             | 25.5                           | 3.92    | 96             | 8.4                            | 11.90   |
| 75             | 24.6                           | 4.07    | 97             | 7.8                            | 12.82   |
| 76             | 23.7                           | 4.22    | 98             | 7.3                            | 13.70   |
| 77             | 22.9                           | 4.37    | 99             | 6.8                            | 14.71   |
| 78             | 22.0                           | 4.55    | 100            | 6.4                            | 15.63   |
| 79             | 21.1                           | 4.74    | 101            | 6.0                            | 16.67   |
| 80             | 20.2                           | 4.95    | 102            | 5.6                            | 17.86   |
| 81             | 19.4                           | 5.15    | 103            | 5.2                            | 19.23   |
| 82             | 18.5 <sup>©</sup> S            | HA-49DE | CIQU           | 4.9                            | 20.41   |
| 83             | 17.7                           | 5.65    | 105            | 4.6                            | 21.74   |
| 84             | 16.8                           | 5.95    | 106            | 4.3                            | 23.26   |
| 85             | 16.0                           | 6.25    | 107            | 4.1                            | 24.39   |
| 86             | 15.2                           | 6.58    | 108            | 3.9                            | 25.64   |
| 87             | 14.4                           | 6.94    | 109            | 3.7                            | 27.03   |
| 88             | 13.7                           | 7.30    | 110            | 3.5                            | 28.57   |
| 89             | 12.9                           | 7.75    | 111            | 3.4                            | 29.41   |
| 90             | 12.2                           | 8.20    | 112            | 3.3                            | 30.30   |
| 91             | 11.5                           | 8.70    | 113            | 3.1                            | 32.26   |
| 92             | 10.8                           | 9.26    | 114            | 3.0                            | 33.33   |
| 93             | 10.1                           | 9.90    | 115            | 2.9                            | 34.48   |
| 94             | 9.5                            | 10.53   | 116            | 2.8                            | 35.71   |