## CHARITABLE GIFT ANNUITY DEDUCTIONS (PER \$10,000 CONTRIBUTED)

| Age | Payout<br>Rate* | Deduction<br>(5.0% AFR) | Age | Payout<br>Rate* | Deduction<br>(5.0% AFR) | Age | Payout<br>Rate* | Deduction<br>(5.0% AFR |
|-----|-----------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------|------------------------|
| 55  | 4.8%            | \$3,231                 | 70  | 6.3%            | \$3,658                 | 85  | 9.1%            | \$5,260                |
| 56  | 4.9             | 3,201                   | 71  | 6.4             | 3,758                   | 86  | 9.3             | 5,434                  |
| 57  | 4.9             | 3,314                   | 72  | 6.6             | 3,774                   | 87  | 9.5             | 5,610                  |
| 58  | 5.0             | 3,296                   | 73  | 6.7             | 3,895                   | 88  | 9.7             | 5,786                  |
| 59  | 5.1             | 3,286                   | 74  | 6.8             | 4,025                   | 89  | 9.9             | 5,961                  |
| 60  | 5.2             | 3,284                   | 75  | 7.0             | 4,078                   | 90  | 10.1            | 6,286                  |
| 61  | 5.3             | 3,291                   | 76  | 7.2             | 4,146                   | 91  | 10.1            | 6,373                  |
| 62  | 5.4             | 3,307                   | 77  | 7.4             | 4,228                   | 92  | 10.1            | 6,600                  |
| 63  | 5.4             | 3,453                   | 78  | 7.6             | 4,324                   | 93  | 10.1            | 6,813                  |
| 64  | 5.6             | 3,366                   | 79  | 7.8             | 4,433                   | 94  | 10.1            | 7,013                  |
| 65  | 5.7             | 3,409                   | 80  | 8.1             | 4,485                   | 95  | 10.1            | 7,199                  |
| 66  | 5.8             | 3,462                   | 81  | 8.3             | 4,621                   | 96  | 10.1            | 7,373                  |
| 67  | 5.9             | 3,523                   | 82  | 8.5             | 4,767                   | 97  | 10.1            | 7,533                  |
| 68  | 6.1             | 3,485                   | 83  | 8.7             | 4,923                   | 98  | 10.1            | 7,681                  |
| 69  | 6.2             | 3,567                   | 84  | 8.9             | 5,090                   | 99  | 10.1            | 7,818                  |

\*Payout Rates are rates recommended by the American Council on Gift Annuities. Charities historically have employed the Council's payout rates but may pay higher or lower rates. Deductions assume guarterly payments.

## CHARITABLE REMAINDER ANNUITY TRUST DEDUCTIONS ONE-LIFE TRUST FUNDED WITH \$100.000 (5.0% AFR)

| Age of<br>Beneficiary | \$5,000<br>Payout | \$6,000<br>Payout | \$7,000<br>Payout | \$8,000<br>Payout | \$9,000<br>Payout |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 60                    | \$35,427          | None*             | None*             | None*             | None*             |
| 65                    | 42,188            | \$30,677          | None*             | None*             | None*             |
| 70                    | 49,667            | 39,604            | None*             | None*             | None*             |
| 75                    | 57,700            | 49,239            | \$40,910          | None*             | None*             |
| 80                    | 65,958            | 59,150            | 52,354            | \$45,798          | None*             |
| 85                    | 73,957            | 68,748            | 63,539            | 58,360            | \$53,347          |
| 90                    | 80,854            | 77,025            | 73,196            | 69,368            | 65,561            |

\*Annuity trusts are disgualified under the IRS's 5% probability test (Rev. Rul. 70-452, 1970-2 CB 199) if the probability that noncharitable beneficiaries will survive to the exhaustion of the trust fund exceeds 5%. Note that the deductions shown reflect quarterly payments and a 5.0% applicable federal rate (AFR). Lower AFRs increase the risk of failing the 5% probability test. The 5% probability test can be ignored if early termination language is included, pursuant to Rev. Proc. 2016-42.

#### TERM OF YEARS ANNUITY TRUST FACTORS (5.0% AFR)

| Year | rs Annuity | Years | Annuity | Years | Annuity | Years | Annuity |
|------|------------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|---------|
| 1    | 0.9524     | 6     | 5.0757  | 11    | 8.3064  | 16    | 10.8378 |
| 2    | 1.8594     | 7     | 5.7864  | 12    | 8.8633  | 17    | 11.2741 |
| 3    | 2.7232     | 8     | 6.4632  | 13    | 9.3936  | 18    | 11.6896 |
| 4    | 3.5460     | 9     | 7.1078  | 14    | 9.8986  | 19    | 12.0853 |
| 5    | 4.3295     | 10    | 7.2717  | 15    | 10.3797 | 20    | 12.4622 |

Deductions for charitable remainder annuity trusts lasting for a term of years (maximum of 20 years) are computed under annuity factors found in Table B, IRS Pub. 1457, according to the "applicable federal rate." Using the tables above (5.0% AFR), a 12-year annuity trust making annual payments would have an annuity factor of 8.8633. If the trust is funded with \$100,000 and pays \$5,000 annually, the value of the income interest is \$5,000 x 8,8633, or \$44,317, and charity's remainder interest is \$55,683. (The computation must be adjusted slightly if payouts are other than annual; see Table K, IRS Pub. 1457.)

CHARITABLE LEAD TRUSTS: Deductions for charitable lead annuity trusts also are calculated with reference to Tables B and K, but the portion contributed is the income interest, not the remainder interest.

# APPROXIMATE INCOME TAX DEDUCTIONS FOR **TWO-LIFE ANNUITY TRUST FUNDED WITH \$100.000**

Joint Beneficiaries (5.0% AFR)\*

|                                    |                     |                     | -                   | -                   |                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Deduction if Beneficiaries Receive |                     |                     |                     |                     |                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ages of<br>Beneficiaries           | \$5,000<br>Annually | \$6,000<br>Annually | \$7,000<br>Annually | \$8,000<br>Annually | \$9,000<br>Annually |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 65/65                              | \$31,398            | \$17,780            | None**              | None**              | None**              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70/70                              | 38,691              | 26,437              | None**              | None**              | None**              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75/75                              | 46,971              | 36,365              | None**              | None**              | None**              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80/80                              | 55,982              | 47,178              | \$38,399            | None**              | None**              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85/85                              | 65,200              | 58,240              | 51,280              | \$44,379            | None**              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 90/90                              | 73,636              | 68,363              | 63,091              | 57,819              | \$52,591            |  |  |  |  |  |  |

\*The deductions illustrated are only approximations. They are based on IRS tables employing a 5.0% AFR.

\*\*Annuity trusts are disgualified under the IRS's 5% probability test (Rev. Rul. 70-452, 1970-2 CB 199) if the probability that noncharitable beneficiaries will survive to the exhaustion of the trust fund exceeds 5%. The 5% probability test can be ignored if early termination language is included, pursuant to Rev. Proc. 2016-42.

#### **CHARITABLE REMAINDER UNITRUSTS (5.0% AFR)**

|     | Payout Rate/Percent of Gift Deductible |        |        |        |        |        |  |  |  |  |
|-----|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Age | 5.0%                                   | 6.0%   | 7.0%   | 8.0%   | 9.0%   | 10.0%  |  |  |  |  |
| 55  | .30187                                 | .24533 | .20171 | .16780 | .14123 | .12023 |  |  |  |  |
| 56  | .31287                                 | .25571 | .21132 | .17659 | .14921 | .12744 |  |  |  |  |
| 57  | .32418                                 | .26646 | .22132 | .18578 | .15759 | .13505 |  |  |  |  |
| 58  | .33579                                 | .27756 | .23171 | .19538 | .16638 | .14307 |  |  |  |  |
| 59  | .34772                                 | .28903 | .24251 | .20541 | .17562 | .15153 |  |  |  |  |
| 60  | .35997                                 | .30089 | .25374 | .21590 | .18532 | .16047 |  |  |  |  |
| 61  | .37256                                 | .31315 | .26543 | .22687 | .19553 | .16991 |  |  |  |  |
| 62  | .38549                                 | .32583 | .27758 | .23835 | .20627 | .17989 |  |  |  |  |
| 63  | .39878                                 | .33894 | .29022 | .25036 | .21757 | .19045 |  |  |  |  |
| 64  | .41241                                 | .35248 | .30336 | .26292 | .22944 | .20160 |  |  |  |  |
| 65  | .42637                                 | .36642 | .31698 | .27600 | .24189 | .21334 |  |  |  |  |
| 66  | .44061                                 | .38074 | .33103 | .28958 | .25486 | .22565 |  |  |  |  |
| 67  | .45508                                 | .39537 | .34547 | .30360 | .26833 | .23848 |  |  |  |  |
| 68  | .46981                                 | .41034 | .36033 | .31811 | .28233 | .25188 |  |  |  |  |
| 69  | .48478                                 | .42565 | .37561 | .33310 | .29686 | .26585 |  |  |  |  |
| 70  | .50002                                 | .44133 | .39135 | .34863 | .31200 | .28048 |  |  |  |  |
| 71  | .51552                                 | .45737 | .40753 | .36469 | .32773 | .29576 |  |  |  |  |
| 72  | .53124                                 | .47374 | .42415 | .38126 | .34406 | .31168 |  |  |  |  |
| 73  | .54714                                 | .49038 | .44113 | .39829 | .36091 | .32821 |  |  |  |  |
| 74  | .56319                                 | .50727 | .45846 | .41575 | .37828 | .34531 |  |  |  |  |
| 75  | .57934                                 | .52436 | .47609 | .43361 | .39613 | .36297 |  |  |  |  |
| 76  | .59564                                 | .54170 | .49408 | .45192 | .41451 | .38126 |  |  |  |  |
| 77  | .61199                                 | .55921 | .51232 | .47058 | .43335 | .40008 |  |  |  |  |
| 78  | .62843                                 | .57689 | .53085 | .48964 | .45268 | .41948 |  |  |  |  |
| 79  | .64477                                 | .59456 | .54945 | .50886 | .47226 | .43921 |  |  |  |  |
| 80  | .66110                                 | .61230 | .56822 | .52835 | .49221 | .45942 |  |  |  |  |
| 81  | .67731                                 | .63000 | .58704 | .54798 | .51240 | .47995 |  |  |  |  |
| 82  | .69341                                 | .64767 | .60592 | .56776 | .53284 | .50083 |  |  |  |  |
| 83  | .70933                                 | .66523 | .62477 | .58762 | .55344 | .52197 |  |  |  |  |
| 84  | .72518                                 | .68279 | .64372 | .60767 | .57435 | .54353 |  |  |  |  |
| 85  | .74046                                 | .69980 | .66215 | .62723 | .59483 | .56472 |  |  |  |  |
| 86  | .75533                                 | .71643 | .68023 | .64652 | .61510 | .58577 |  |  |  |  |
| 87  | .76966                                 | .73250 | .69778 | .66531 | .63491 | .60643 |  |  |  |  |
| 88  | .78340                                 | .74798 | .71475 | .68353 | .65420 | .62660 |  |  |  |  |
| 89  | .79654                                 | .76283 | .73107 | .70113 | .67288 | .64621 |  |  |  |  |

To calculate the approximate deduction for a transfer to a one-life charitable remainder unitrust, determine the age of the income beneficiary, then find the deductible percentage in the appropriate payout rate column. For example, a donor who establishes a unitrust paying 6% for the life of a 65-year-old beneficiary could deduct .36642 (36.642%) of the amount transferred in trust. A \$100.000 transfer would create a charitable deduction of \$36.642. The above tables assume an applicable federal rate of 5.0% (rates change every month) and quarterly payments to the beneficiary. For different applicable federal rates and payment frequencies, refer to Tables U and F. IRS Pub. 1458.

#### UNITRUST TERM OF YEARS REMAINDER FACTORS (5.0% AFR)

| Number<br>of Years | 5.0%   | 6.0%   | 7.0%   | 8.0%   | 9.0%   |
|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1                  | .95150 | .94180 | .93210 | .92240 | .91269 |
| 2                  | .90535 | .88698 | .86880 | .85081 | .83301 |
| 3                  | .86143 | .83536 | .80981 | .78479 | .76029 |
| 4                  | .81965 | .78673 | .75482 | .72388 | .69391 |
| 5                  | .77990 | .74094 | .70356 | .66771 | .63333 |
| 6                  | .74207 | .69782 | .65579 | .61589 | .57803 |
| 7                  | .70608 | .65720 | .61126 | .56809 | .52757 |
| 8                  | .67183 | .61895 | .56975 | .52401 | .48151 |
| 9                  | .63925 | .58293 | .53106 | .48334 | .43947 |
| 10                 | .60824 | .54900 | .49500 | .44583 | .40110 |
| 11                 | .57874 | .51704 | .46139 | .41123 | .36608 |
| 12                 | .55067 | .48695 | .43006 | .37932 | .33412 |
| 13                 | .52396 | .45861 | .40086 | .34988 | .30495 |
| 14                 | .49855 | .43192 | .37364 | .32273 | .27833 |
| 15                 | .47436 | .40678 | .34826 | .29769 | .25403 |
| 16                 | .45136 | .38310 | .32462 | .27458 | .23185 |
| 17                 | .42946 | .36080 | .30257 | .25327 | .21161 |
| 18                 | .40863 | .33980 | .28203 | .23362 | .19313 |
| 19                 | .38881 | .32003 | .26288 | .21549 | .17627 |
| 20                 | .36996 | .30140 | .24503 | .19877 | .16088 |

The above deduction percentages assume guarterly payments and an applicable federal rate of 5.0%. For different AFR percentages and payout frequencies, see Tables D and F, IRS Pub. 1458.

CHARITABLE LEAD TRUSTS: Deductions for charitable lead unitrusts also are calculated with reference to Tables D and F, but the portion contributed is the income interest, not the remainder interest. Deduction percentages (factors) are complements of the remainder interest percentages shown above. For example, the income interest factor for a 20-year charitable lead unitrust paying 5% is equal to 1.0 minus the remainder interest factor of .36996, or .63004.

# **APPROXIMATE INCOME TAX DEDUCTIONS FOR TWO-LIFE UNITRUST FUNDED WITH \$100.000**

| nt | Be | enet | icia | ries | (5.0 | )% | 1 |
|----|----|------|------|------|------|----|---|
|----|----|------|------|------|------|----|---|

| Ages of<br>Beneficiaries | 5.0%<br>Annually | 6.0%<br>Annually | 7.0%<br>Annually | 8.0%<br>Annually | 9.0%<br>Annually |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 60/60                    | \$25,897         | \$19,980         | \$15,483         | \$12,056         | None**           |
| 65/65                    | 32,001           | 25,713           | 20,733           | 16,781           | \$13,637         |
| 70/70                    | 39,157           | 32,700           | 27,382           | 22,995           | 19,368           |
| 75/75                    | 47,309           | 40,960           | 35,534           | 30,890           | 26,909           |
| 80/80                    | 56,209           | 50,292           | 45,059           | 40,428           | 36,323           |
| 85/85                    | 65,340           | 60,167           | 55,452           | 51,151           | 47,226           |

\*Deductions and factors shown are representative samples based on the use of a 5.0% applicable federal rate (AFR) and guarterly payments. Actual numbers may vary, based on the monthly midterm rate used. \*\*Trust does not satisfy the 10% remainder requirement of Code §664(d)(2)(D).

#### FEDERAL INTEREST RATE (AFR) SELECTION

In valuing deferred gifts, donors may choose tables using the most favorable applicable federal rate (AFR, or §7520 rate) from that in effect for the month of the gift or from either of the two months preceding the month of the gift. Rates (120% of the midterm rate) are published on or about the 20th of each month by the IRS and appear at https://www.irs.o

#### Elect highest rate available

- Charitable remainder annuity trust.
- Charitable remainder unitrust.
- Charitable gift annuity (for large deduction).
- Gift of remaining life estate in farm or personal residence.

| chnique | Income | Tax | Deduction |
|---------|--------|-----|-----------|
|---------|--------|-----|-----------|

| Outright Gift | Fully deductible in year of  |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| of Cash or    | up to 60% of donor's adju    |
| Long-Term     | gross income (30% for lor    |
| Capital Gain  | capital gain property). Five |
| Property      | carryover for excess dedu    |

Charitable Present value of charity's Remainder remainder interest (10% minimum) life (5% minimum) for deductible in year of gift, based on beneficiaries of donor's choice; Annuity age of income beneficiaries and Trust unvarying dollar amount to be paid possible tax-free income from each year (see preceding tables). A trust; estate tax savings; 5% probability test limits maximum trustee handles investments; payouts generally to 5% or 6% can last for life or term of when AFR is low unless trust is to last for a term of years.

Charitable Present value of charity's Remainder remainder interest (10% minimum) deductible, based on Unitrust age of income beneficiaries and percentage of value of trust assets to be paid annually. Higher payouts (not exceeding 50%) possible than annuity trust because 5% probability test does not apply. See preceding tables to figure deductions.

#### **Charitable** Amount transferred to charity Gift Annuity less the present value of

annuity retained for the life of the annuitant(s). Deductions identical to those afforded by charitable remainder annuity trusts, but much lower amounts needed to fund gift. Higher deductions if payment deferred for several years.

Qualified The owner of a traditional or Roth Charitable IRA can direct the custodian to Distributions make distributions directly to From IRAs public charities. Transfers up to \$105,000 will be excluded from income. This exclusion is available to IRA owners over age 701/2 but

not to participants in other plans, such as 401(k) or 403(b) plans. Present value of charity's remainder interest in land and structures less depreciation on structures during donor/life Reserved "Home" includes any personal Life Estate residence, including vacation property, condos, etc. "Farm"

**Charitable** Present value of charity's Lead Trust

Gift of

Home

With

or Farm

of trust under grantor trust rules, generally via reversion to grantor). Donor is taxed on trust income.

The purpose of this publication is solely educational, namely to provide general gift, estate, financial planning, and related information. It is not intended as legal, accounting, or other professional advice, and you should not rely on it as such. For assistance in planning charitable gifts with tax and other implications, the services of appropriate and qualified advisors should be obtained. Consult an attorney for advice if your plans require revision of a will or other legal document. The figures in this publication are accurate as of January 2024. Any updates in tax laws hereafter may change the numbers and the validity and should be discussed with your advisors Consult a tax and/or accounting specialist for advice regarding tax- and accounting-related matters © Copyright MMXXIV by Sharpe Group. All Rights Reserved.

| gov/applicable-federal-rates. |
|-------------------------------|
| Elect lowest rate available   |

Charitable lead trusts.

Charitable gift annuity

personal residence.

Gift of life income interest in

charitable remainder trust.

(for large tax-free payout).

Remainder interest in farm or

# CHARITABLE GIFT TECHNIQUES COMPARED

years up to 20.

#### Special Considerations Largest deductions;

long-term capital gains

tax avoided if appreciated property is contributed.

Stable annuity income for

<sup>:</sup> aift usted ng-term /e-year uctions.

capital gains tax avoidance;

Same benefits as the annuity trust (above) except that payout is a percentage of the changing value of the trust assets (possible hedge against inflation). Also, additional contributions are permitted, and donor may elect to have trust pay the unitrust percentage or actual trust income, whichever is LESS.

Payouts based on age or ages of income beneficiary(ies). Maximum of two annuitants. If funded with appreciated property, capital gain is reduced and spread over donor/annuitant's life expectancy. Annuity income is partially taxfree. Higher payouts for deferred payment gift annuities.

Distributions can satisfy required minimum distributions. A one-time election allows distributions of up to \$53,000 to fund split-interest gifts for the donor and/or spouse. Transfers to donor advised funds, private foundations or supporting organizations do not qualify.

includes ranchland, and just a few acres may be contributed.

income interest (if donor is owner

Donors who intend to bequeath farms or homes to charity can accomplish the same result with this technique but receive a tenant's remaining life expectancy. current income tax deduction and continue to use the farm or home for life. Life estate can be reserved for one or more lives. Can be arranged by will (possible estate tax savings).

> Lead trusts are usually created for a term of years, with heirs as remainder beneficiaries (generally, no income tax deductions but federal transfer tax savings). Trust is not tax-exempt.

# 2024 **Federal Tax Pocket Guide**



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#### FEDERAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RATES

| Co |             |                  | & Surviv          | nt Returns<br>Surviving Head<br>Spouses House |            |                   | Fili | Married<br>Filing<br>Separately |                   |                  |    |               |
|----|-------------|------------------|-------------------|---|------------|-------------------|------|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----|---------------|
|    | able<br>ome | Tax on<br>Col. 1 | Rate on<br>Excess |   |            | Rate on<br>Excess |      | 'ax on<br>Col. 1                | Rate on<br>Excess | Tax on<br>Col. 1 |    | te on<br>cess |
| \$ | 0           | \$ 0             | 10%               | \$  | 0          | 10%               | \$   | 0                               | 10%               | \$ 0             |    | 10%           |
| 1  | 1,600       | 1,160            | 12%               |   |            |                   |      |                                 |                   | 1,160            |    | 12%           |
| 1  | 6,550       |                  |                   |   |            |                   |      | 1,655                           | 12%               |                  |    |               |
| 2  | 3,200       |                  |                   |   | 2,320      | 12%               |      |                                 |                   |                  |    |               |
| 4  | 7,150       | 5,426            | 22%               |   |            |                   |      |                                 |                   | 5,426            |    | 22%           |
| 6  | 3,100       |                  |                   |   |            |                   |      | 7,241                           | 22%               |                  |    |               |
| 9  | 4,300       |                  |                   |   | 10,852     | 22%               |      |                                 |                   |                  |    |               |
| 10 | 0,500       |                  |                   |   |            |                   |      | 15,469                          | 24%               |                  |    |               |
| 10 | 0,525       | 17,168.          | 50 24%            |   |            |                   |      |                                 |                   | 17,168.          | 50 | 24%           |
| 19 | 1,950       | 39,110.          | 50 32%            |   |            |                   |      | 37,417                          | 32%               | 39,110.          | 50 | 32%           |
| 20 | 1,050       |                  |                   |   | 34,337     | 24%               |      |                                 |                   |                  |    |               |
| 24 | 3,700       |                  |                   |   |            |                   |      | 53,977                          | 35%               |                  |    |               |
| 24 | 3,725       | 55,678.          | 50 35%            |   |            |                   |      |                                 |                   | 55,678.          | 50 | 35%           |
| 36 | 5,600       |                  |                   |   |            |                   |      |                                 |                   | 98,334.          | 75 | 37%           |
| 38 | 3,900       |                  |                   |   | 78,221     | 32%               |      |                                 |                   |                  |    |               |
| 48 | 7,450       |                  |                   | 1   | 111,357    | 35%               |      |                                 |                   |                  |    |               |
| 60 | 9,350       | 183,647.         | 25 37%            |   |            |                   |      | 181,954.                        | .50 37%           |                  |    |               |
| 73 | 1,200       |                  |                   |   | 196,669.50 | 37%               |      |                                 |                   |                  |    |               |

#### **INCOME TAX RATES ON ESTATES AND TRUSTS**

| Taxable Income |          | Tax on   | Rate on |
|----------------|----------|----------|---------|
| From (Col. 1)  | То       | Col. 1   | Excess  |
| \$ 0           | \$ 3,100 | \$ 0     | 10%     |
| 3,101          | 11,150   | 310      | 24      |
| 11,151         | 15,200   | 2,242    | 35      |
| 15,201         | Infinity | 3,659.50 | 37      |

# STANDARD DEDUCTIONS

|         | Single<br>Individuals | Joint Return/<br>Surviving Spouses | Heads of<br>Household | Married Filing<br>Separately |
|---------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Basic   | \$14,600              | \$29,200                           | \$21,900              | \$14,600                     |
| Over 65 | 16,550                | 30,750 (one)                       | 23,850                | 16,150                       |
|         |                       | 32,300 (both)                      | ъX                    |                              |
| Blind   | 16,550                | 30,750 (one)                       | 23,850                | 16,150                       |
|         |                       | 32,300 (both)                      |                       |                              |
| Over 65 | 18,500                | 32,300 (one)                       | 25,800                | 17,700                       |
| & Blind |                       | 35,400 (both)                      |                       |                              |

Taxpayers may "itemize" deductions when deductions total more than the standard deductions shown. The increase in the basic standard deduction does not apply to tax years after 2025. The deduction is indexed for inflation using the chained consumer price index.

#### **ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS INCLUDE:\***

State and local taxes. Taxpayers can deduct up to \$10,000 for state income or sales tax and real estate taxes.

■ Mortgage interest. The interest on up to \$750,000 of total acquisition indebtedness is allowed on a first and second home.

Medical expenses. Medical expenses are deductible to the extent they exceed 7.5% of AGI.

Charitable gifts. Cash gifts to charity are deductible up to 60% of AGI; gifts of appreciated assets are deductible up to 30% of AGI. Excess deductions may be carried over for up to five additional years.

\*Subject to legislative changes.

#### FEDERAL INCOME TAX ON CAPITAL GAINS

Net long-term capital gains on assets held more than 12 months are taxed generally at a maximum rate of 20% for filers in the 37% tax bracket: 15% for taxpayers in the 22%, 24%, 32% and 35% brackets; and 0% for 10% and 12% bracket taxpayers except for children under age 19, or 24 if full-time college students, whose net unearned income exceeds \$2,600, Taxpavers with AGI in excess of \$200.000 (unmarried filers and heads of household) or \$250.000 (joint filers) are subject to an additional 3.8% tax on net investment income. A 28% top rate applies to long-term gains on collectibles. A 25% top rate applies to long-term gains on real estate attributed to depreciation claimed in past years (unrecaptured §1250 gain). Short-term gains are taxed at the taxpayer's highest ordinary income tax rates. Net short-term and long-term losses are deductible dollar-for-dollar against ordinary income up to \$3,000, with unlimited carryover for excess loss deductions.

#### FEDERAL INCOME TAX ON DIVIDENDS

The maximum tax rate on qualified dividends paid by corporations, mutual funds and real estate investment trusts to individuals is 20% for filers in the 37% tax bracket; 15% for taxpayers in the 22%, 24%, 32% and 35% brackets; and 0% for taxpayers in the 10% and 12% ordinary income brackets. Taxpayers with AGI in excess of \$200,000 (unmarried filers and heads of household) or \$250,000 (joint filers) are subject to an additional 3.8% tax on investment income.

## FEDERAL ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX

| Alternative Minimum Taxable Income |           | Tax on | Rate on |  |
|------------------------------------|-----------|--------|---------|--|
| From (Col. 1)                      | То        | Col. 1 | Excess  |  |
| \$ 0                               | \$232,600 | \$ 0   | 26%     |  |
| 232,601                            | Infinity  | 60,476 | 28      |  |

An alternative minimum tax (AMT) is imposed on "alternative minimum taxable income" over the applicable exemption amounts of \$85,700 for single taxpayers and heads of household, \$133,300 for joint returns, \$66,650 for married people filing separately and \$29,900 for estates and trusts. Through 2025, phase-out thresholds are increased to \$1,218,700 (married filers and surviving spouses) or \$609,350 for all other individuals. AMT is payable only so far as it exceeds a taxpayer's regular income tax. "Alternative minimum taxable income" is the sum of a taxpayer's regular taxable income and any preference amounts plus certain regular tax itemized deductions (not including charitable deductions), such as state and local taxes. Net operating losses not attributable to preferences are deductible. Examples of minimum tax preference items include amounts relating to depletion deductions, intangible drilling costs, incentive stock options, tax-exempt interest on nongovernmental-purpose bonds and accelerated depreciation on all property placed in service after 1986 that exceeds depreciation using the 150% declining balance method.

#### FEDERAL TAX ON TAXABLE CORPORATE INCOME

The tax rate for C corporations is a flat 21%. The corporate alternative minimum tax has been eliminated. Corporations are allowed a 50% deduction for dividends received from other domestic corporations (70% prior to 2018). There is a 65% deduction (previously 80%) for dividends received from a 20%-owned corporation. This is a corporation that is owned 20% or more by the taxpayer.

Bonus depreciation is allowed for qualified property acquired after Sept. 27, 2017, according to the following schedule:

| Percentage | Deductio                         |
|------------|----------------------------------|
| 100%       |                                  |
| 80%        |                                  |
| 60%        |                                  |
| 40%        |                                  |
| 20%        | Gift Tax                         |
| 0%         | Credit                           |
|            | 100%<br>80%<br>60%<br>40%<br>20% |

Owners of pass-through business entities (S corporations, LLCs, partnerships, sole proprietorships) may deduct up to 20% of gualified business income. For certain service trades or businesses (e.g., accounting, athletics, financial services, health, law, brokerage services), the deduction is phased out when taxable income exceeds \$191,950 for single taxpayers and \$383,900 for joint filers.

## FEDERAL GIFT TAX

| Taxable Gift |      | Tent     | ative Tax     |                |
|--------------|------|----------|---------------|----------------|
| Col. 1 Fro   | n    | То       | Tax on Col. 1 | Rate on Excess |
| \$           | 0 \$ | 10,000   | \$ 0          | 18%            |
| 10,00        | 0    | 20,000   | 1,800         | 20             |
| 20,00        | 0    | 40,000   | 3,800         | 22             |
| 40,00        | 0    | 60,000   | 8,200         | 24             |
| 60,00        | 0    | 80,000   | 13,000        | 26             |
| 80,00        | 0    | 100,000  | 18,200        | 28             |
| 100,00       | 0    | 150,000  | 23,800        | 30             |
| 150,00       | 0    | 250,000  | 38,800        | 32             |
| 250,00       | 0    | 500,000  | 70,800        | 34             |
| 500,00       | 0    | 750,000  | 155,800       | 37             |
| 750,00       | 0 1  | ,000,000 | 248,300       | 39             |
| 1,000,00     | 0    | Infinity | 345,800       | 40             |

#### FEDERAL GIFT TAX FORMULA

- A. Aggregate of all prior and present taxable gifts\*
- B. Tentative gift tax on "A" (from current tax table)
- C. Aggregate of all prior (only) taxable gifts\*
- D. Tentative gift tax on "C" (from current tax table)
- E. Tentative gift tax on present gift ("B" less "D")
- F. Gift tax credit

Marital

Gift Tax

Returns

- G. Aggregate gift tax credit taken for prior post-1976 gifts (but not more than "C")
- H. Gift tax credit available for current gift ("F" less "G" but not more than "E")
- I. Gift tax payable for current gift ("E" less "H")
- \*A "taxable gift" means a gross gift (other than charitable gift) less:
- a) unlimited gift tax marital deduction if gift is to spouse and/or
- (b) lesser of gift amount or \$18,000 (\$36,000 if spouse joins in the gift and the gift is to a third party) per donee per year in which gift is made. Annual exclusion for pre-1982 gifts: \$3,000/\$6,000 for "split" gifts; \$10,000/\$20,000 for gifts between 1982 and 2001; \$11,000/\$22,000 for gifts between 2002 and 2005; \$12,000/\$24,000 for gifts between 2006 and 2008; \$13,000/\$26,000 for gifts between 2009 and 2012; \$14,000/\$28,000 for gifts between 2013 and 2017; \$15,000/\$30,000 for gifts in 2018 through 2021: \$16,000 for aifts in 2022: \$17,000 for aifts in 2023.
- \$18,000 per donee; \$36,000 per donee for married couples who Annual Exclusions "split gifts"; \$185,000 per non-citizen spouse. Payments of medical expenses and tuition payments also are excluded from federal gift tax [IRC §2503(e)]. Contributors to a gualified tuition program who exceed \$18,000 may elect to treat the gift as if it had been made over a five-vear period-in effect allowing a \$90,000 exclusion all in one year [IRC §529(c)(2)(B)]. Gifts of future interests are not eligible for gift tax exclusions.
- For gifts to a spouse who is a U.S. citizen, a 100% marital Deduction deduction is allowed (IRC §2523). The deduction is not available for gifts to a non-citizen spouse, but an annual exclusion of \$185,000 is permitted for 2024. Note: Gifts to a spouse that qualify for the gift tax marital deduction do not require the filing of a gift tax return.
- Charitable In general, any gift deductible for income tax purposes is deductible for gift tax purposes (IRC §2522). A few charitable gifts (transfers to eduction nongrantor charitable lead trusts or foreign charities, for example) may qualify for federal gift tax deductions but not income tax deductions. The gift tax charitable deduction is unlimited. The gift tax charitable deduction is not limited to domestic organizations or to gifts for use within the United States [Reg §25.2522(a)-1].
  - A \$5,389,800 gift tax credit shelters \$13,610,000 of taxable gifts in excess of the annual exclusion amounts.

Individuals must file gift tax returns (Form 709) for (1) gifts of present interests in property in excess of \$18,000; (2) gifts of future interests in any amount; (3) gifts on which spouses "split" gifts. Form 709 is required for all charitable remainder trusts and other "split-interest" gifts [IRC §6019(3)]. Filing deadline is same as income tax returns.

| Taxable Estate                |          | Tentative Tax      |         |
|-------------------------------|----------|--------------------|---------|
| From (Col. 1)                 | То       | From (Col. 1)      | То      |
| \$13,610,000                  | Infinity | \$5,389,800        | 40%     |
| (applicable exclusion amount) |          | (applicable credit | amount) |

- A. Amount of taxable estate<sup>1</sup>
- B. Aggregate of all post-1976 adju

E

9

\$ 5,389,800

\$\_\_\_\_

- C. Sum of "A" and "B"
- D. Tentative estate tax on "C" (see
- E. Aggregate of all gift taxes paid
- F. Tentative estate tax ("D" less "
- G. Basic exclusion amount plus a spouse unused exclusion
- H. Estate tax credit (tentative tax I. Estate tax pavable ("F" less "H" for foreign death taxes or tax on prior transfers)
- tax deduction, subject to the following:

- (b) The "estate tax marital deduction." if applicable, is unlimited
- <sup>3</sup>If any amount of gift tax attributable to a joining spouse's portion

# **GENERATION-SKIPPING TRANSFER**

A generation-skipping transfer tax is imposed on gifts or bequests more than one generation removed from the transferor ("skip pers there is a "taxable termination," "taxable distribution" or "direct sk in addition to any gift tax or estate tax that may be due. In genera pays the tax. Transferors have a \$13,610,000 lifetime GST tax exe and transfers to grandchildren and collateral heirs who are orphan Lifetime exemption matches estate tax sheltered amount. Direct at the highest estate tax rate. To determine the tax on generation-skipping

# FEDERAL ESTATE TAX

# FEDERAL ESTATE TAX FORMULA

|                                  | \$ |
|----------------------------------|----|
| usted taxable gifts <sup>2</sup> | +  |
|                                  | \$ |
| e above)                         | \$ |
| on post-1976 gifts <sup>3</sup>  |    |
| E")                              | \$ |
| ny deceased                      |    |
|                                  | \$ |
| on "G")                          |    |
| " and any credits                | \$ |
| n prior trapofora)               |    |

"Taxable estate" means gross estate less all available deductions, including the estate tax marital deduction (if applicable), charitable deduction and state death

(a) If any post-1976 gifts were made by decedent within three years prior to death with respect to retained life interests, reversionary interests, revocable transfers, general powers of appointment or incidents of ownership in life insurance policies, the gross estate is "grossed up" to include-

(1) the aggregate of all such gifts made by decedent (and joining spouse), if any, during that period-excluding gifts which aggregate no more than (but only if total gifts, single or joint, do not exceed) \$18,000 (\$3,000 for pre-1982 gifts; \$10,000 for gifts between 1982 and 2001; \$11,000 for gifts between 2002 and 2005; \$12,000 for gifts between 2 \$13,000 for gifts between 2009 and 2012; \$14,000 for gift and 2017; \$15,000 for gifts in 2018 through 2021; \$16,00 2022; \$17,000 for gifts in 2023) per donee per year made (but not excluding any portions of joint gifts attributable to

(2) the aggregate of gift taxes on such post-1976 gifts ma that period by deceased (and joining spouse).

(c) The "estate tax charitable deduction" for bequests to char

<sup>2</sup> "Adjusted taxable gifts" means total amount of post-1976 tax [gross gifts less all available deductions including \$18,000 (\$3 1982 gifts; \$10,000 for gifts between 1982 and 2001; \$11,00 between 2002 and 2005; \$12,000 for gifts between 2006 and for gifts between 2009 and 2012; \$14,000 for gifts between 20 \$15,000 for gifts in 2018 through 2021; \$16,000 for gifts in 20 for gifts in 2023) annual exclusion per donee (\$36,000 if spouse gift tax marital deduction and charitable gifts] other than such included in the gross estate (see "1(a)(1)" above).

is included in a "gross up" of the decedent's gross estate ("1(a) post-1976 gifts made within three years prior to decedent's dea of gift tax is also included in "E." Otherwise, only the gift taxes a decedent's post-1976 gifts (or portions of joint gifts) are include

transfers from trusts, multiply the maximum federal estate tax rate (40%) by the "inclusion ratio." The inclusion ratio is 1 minus the "applicable fraction," which has as the numerator the amount of GST exemption allocated to the transfer, over the denominator that consists of the value of the property transferred minus any charitable deductions allowed under §§2055 or 2522 and any taxes owed by the reason of the generation-skipping transfer and which were recovered from the trust by the estate.

# FEDERAL INCOME TAX CHARITABLE DEDUCTION

An income tax charitable deduction is allowed for charitable contributions made within a taxable year, subject to limitations based upon whether the donee is a 60% or 30% charity, whether the donor is an individual or corporation and what type of property is contributed. The 60% charities generally include churches, educational institutions, hospitals, governmental units, organizations receiving substantial support from governmental units or the general public and certain private foundations (operating foundations, distributing foundations and pooled fund foundations described in IRC §170(6)(1)(D)). The 30% charities include other organizations (mostly private foundations) described in IRC §170(c) but which do not qualify as 60% charities.

# **Ceiling on Charitable Deductions**

30% charity

#### 60% charity

| Individual<br>Donor | Total deductions limited to 60%<br>of donor's adjusted gross income<br>for cash gifts, with 5-year carryover.<br>Gifts of trust income to 60% charity<br>deductible up to 30% of AGI, with<br>5-year carryover. | Total deductions limited<br>to 30% of donor's<br>adjusted gross income,<br>with 5-year carryover. |  |
|---------------------|---|---|--|
| Corporate<br>Donor  | Deduction is limited to 10% of<br>taxable income for cash gifts,<br>with 5-year carryover.<br>Additional Limitatio  |   |  |

# Based Upon Type of Property Contributed

| 2006 and 2008;  |  | 60% charity  | 30% charity   |
|---|--|--|---|
| ifts between 2013<br>00 for gifts in  | Cash   | Amount of cash.  | Amount of cash.   |
| e by decedent<br>spouse) – plus<br>ade during<br>ed in amount.<br>rity is unlimited.<br>axable gifts<br>3,000 for pre-<br>00 for gifts  | Ordinary<br>Income Property<br>Property that<br>produces any gain<br>other than long-<br>term capital gain<br>if sold at fair<br>market value. | Cost, 60%-of-adjusted-gross-<br>income ceiling applies.<br>Examples include inventory<br>of a business owner, a work<br>of art in the hands of the artist<br>who created it and tangible<br>property that has been<br>depreciated. Does not apply<br>to donor advised fund gifts.                | Cost, 30%-of-<br>adjusted-gross-<br>income ceiling applies.   |
| nd 2008; \$13,000<br>013 and 2017;<br>022; \$17,000<br>se joins in gift),<br>n gifts that are<br>tion of a joint gift<br>a)(2)" above—re:<br>eath), that amount<br>attributable to the<br>led in "E." | Long-Term<br>Capital Gain<br>Property  | Fair market value, not to<br>exceed 30% of donor's<br>adjusted gross income, with<br>5-year carryover. Donors of<br>long-term capital gain property<br>can qualify for an enhanced<br>ceiling by electing to reduce<br>contribution deduction by<br>100% of the gain present<br>in the property. | Fair market value for gifts<br>of publicly held stock for<br>which market quotations<br>are readily available, not<br>to exceed 20% of donor's<br>adjusted gross income,<br>with 5-year carryover. For<br>all other gifts, reduce fair<br>market value by 100%<br>of long-term capital gain<br>element if donee is private<br>foundation. |
| <b>R TAX</b><br>ts to persons<br>rsons") where<br>skip." GST tax is   | Tangible Personal<br>Property That Is<br>Unrelated to<br>Charity's Purpose   | Fair market value reduced<br>by 100% of long-term capital<br>gain element. 60%-of-AGI<br>ceiling applies.  | Fair market value reduced<br>by 100% of long-term<br>capital gain element.<br>20%-of-AGI ceiling applies.   |
| ral, the transferee<br>emption in 2024,<br>ns are exempt.<br>skips are taxed<br>n-skipping  | Appraisal<br>Requirements  | Qualified appraisals generally a gifts valued at more than \$5,00 worth more than \$10,000. No a of publicly traded securities. Th on Form 8283. Form 8283 mu  | 00 and closely held stock<br>appraisal is required for gifts<br>ne appraisal is summarized  |

gifts in excess of \$500, even if no appraisal is required.